



State of Louisiana

**Coastal Protection and Restoration
Authority of Louisiana (CPRA)**

2012/2013 Annual Inspection Report

for

BLACK BAYOU HYDROLOGIC RESTORATION PROJECT (CS-27)

State Project Number CS-27
Priority Project List 6

March 20, 2013
Calcasieu and Cameron Parishes

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I. Introduction

The Black Bayou Hydrologic Restoration Project (C/S-27) is located approximately 18 miles west-northwest of Hackberry, Louisiana in northwest Cameron and southwest Calcasieu Parish. The project is bordered to the north by the Gulf Intracoastal Waterway (GIWW), to the south by Black Bayou, to the east by Gum Cove Ridge, and to the west by the Sabine River (figure 1). Total project area is approximately 25,529 acres and is comprised of approximately 6,516 acres of fresh/intermediate marsh, 7,353 acres of brackish marsh, and 11,660 acres of open water. (See Appendix A).

The Black Bayou Hydrologic Restoration Project was authorized by Section 303(a) of Title III Public Law 101-646, the Coastal Wetlands Planning Protection and Restoration Act (CWPPRA) enacted on November 29, 1990 as amended and approved on the sixth Priority Project List. The Black Bayou Hydrologic Restoration Project has a twenty year (20 year) economic life, which began in December 2003.

II. Inspection Purpose and Procedures

The purpose of the annual inspection of the Black Bayou Hydrologic Restoration Project (CS-27) is to evaluate the constructed project features to identify any deficiencies and prepare a report detailing the condition of project features and recommended corrective actions needed. Should it be determined that corrective actions are needed, CPRA shall provide, in the report, a detailed cost estimate for engineering, design, supervision, inspection, and construction contingencies, and an assessment of the urgency of such repairs (O&M Plan, 2004). The annual inspection report also contains a summary of maintenance projects, if any, which were completed since completion of constructed project features and an estimated projected budget for the upcoming three (3) years for operation, maintenance and rehabilitation. The three (3) year projected operation and maintenance budget is shown in Appendix C.

An inspection of the Black Bayou Hydrologic Restoration Project (CS-27) was held on March 20, 2013 under clear skies and cool temperatures. In attendance were Stan Aucoin, and Darrell Pontiff of CPRA. NOAA Fisheries was represented by John Foret. Parties met at the Lafayette Field Office of CED and proceeded to a boat launch in Vinton, LA. The annual inspection began at the structure on the eastern end of the rock dike at 11:45am.

The field inspection included a complete visual inspection of all features. Staff gauge readings were used, when available, to determine approximate elevations of water, rock weirs, earthen embankments, steel bulkhead structures and other project features. Photographs were taken at each project feature (see Appendix B) and Field Inspection notes were completed in the field to record measurements and deficiencies (see Appendix D).

III. Project Description and History

In the early 1900's the marshes in the project area supported vegetation typical of fresh or very low salinity conditions (i.e. *Spartina patens*, *Typha sp.*, and *Scirpus sp.*). The introduction of water and sedimentation into the project area was influenced mainly by precipitation, local

drainage, and wind and tide generated water exchange associated with Sabine Lake through overland flow and small, meandering bayous. Marsh elevation was maintained through vegetative biomass production which compensated for losses due to subsidence and sea level rise (USDA/NRCS 1997). More recently, wetlands in the Black Bayou area have suffered a loss of approximately 10,000 acres, 33% of the project area. Factors contributing to these losses include, but are not limited to, hydrological changes; reduced freshwater inflow from the uplands north of the GIWW; increased magnitude and duration of tidal fluctuations; increased salinities; higher water levels; excessive water exchange; and artificial water circulation patterns (NMFS 1996).

Beginning in the late 1800's significant hydrologic changes effecting water level fluctuation and water circulation patterns occurred in the project area. Modifications to Calcasieu Pass such as the removal of the Calcasieu Pass oyster reef in 1876, increased the magnitude and duration of tidal fluctuations in both the lake and the surrounding marshes (LDNR 1993). Construction of the GIWW, North Line Canal, Central Line Canal, and South Line Canal established a hydrological connection between the Calcasieu and Sabine basins, allowing the saline waters of the Calcasieu Basin to encroach on the Sabine Basin. During ebb tide, these canals drain project area marshes simultaneously into both Sabine and Calcasieu Lakes. Water level fluctuations are also influenced by wind. A strong north wind can cause drastic de-watering of the marshes, while a strong sustained southerly wind can result in drastic increases in water levels blown in from the gulf. In addition "blowouts" (direct connections between a channel and an inland water body) often are formed by the water level drawdown effect and the wave wash from wakes created by passing boats and barges. "Blowouts" increase water circulation between the marsh and the GIWW, exposing fragile organic marsh soils to high energy and increased erosion (Good et al. 1995). The extensive system of navigation channels, natural drainage, bayous, oil exploration canals, trenasses, and "blowouts" have created several hydrologic units inside the project area (figure 2) and have allowed increased water fluctuations and salinities to reach the interior of the marsh (USDA, 1991).

Marsh types and the associated vegetation in and around the project area also indicate that salinities have been increasing for the last 45 years. Prior to man-induced alterations, these marshes supported vegetation typical of fresh or very low salinity conditions. All of the project area was classified as fresh or low salinity (intermediate) marsh in 1949, except for the area adjacent to Sabine Lake and Sabine River just north of Black Bayou where brackish marsh conditions existed (Oneil 1949). Brackish marsh conditions in this area expanded north to the GIWW and eastward along Black Bayou to the Black Bayou Oil Field by 1968 (Chabreck 1968). Further expansion of high salinity marsh north and east of Black Bayou was documented in 1978 and again in 1988 (Chabreck 1978, 1988). By 1988, the majority of the project area was identified as brackish marsh with fresh marsh found only in the extreme northeast corner of the project area adjacent to the Gum Cove Ridge.

The Black Bayou Hydrologic Restoration Project includes structural and non-structural measures designed to allow freshwater from the GIWW near its confluence with the Vinton Drainage Canal into the wetlands south of the GIWW between the Sabine River, Gum Cove Ridge, and Black Bayou, and to create a hydrologic head that increases freshwater retention time and reduces salt water intrusion and tidal action in the Black Bayou watershed. Planned

structural and non-structural measures and their intended functions are listed below (DNR CS-27 Monitoring Plan).

- a. Repair breaches in the GIWW spoil bank west of the Gum Cove Ridge with approximately 24,000 linear ft. of rock foreshore dike to an elevation of +3.0 NAVD88.
- b. Construct a weir with a barge bay at the GIWW in the Black Bayou Cut Off Canal with a 70 foot wide sill constructed to -7.0 NAVD88.
- c. Construct a rock plug with a 15 ft. boat bay at - 4 ft. NAVD88 bottom elevation in the Burton Canal at the intersection with the Sabine River.
- d. Construct a rock weir with a 15 ft. boat bay at - 3 ft. NAVD88 bottom elevation at the intersection of Blocks Creek with Black Bayou.
- e. Vegetative plantings of approximately 55,000 linear ft. of bullwhip (*Scirpus californicus*) or other suitable vegetation in the large open water area within the NO-13 unit. Plants should be in one gallon trade containers with a minimum of 5 stems per container. Planting should be in two staggered rows on 5 ft. centers. An estimated 22,000 plants will be required.
- f. Vegetative plantings of approximately 26,000 linear ft. of bullwhip (*Scirpus californicus*) or other suitable vegetation in the large open water area within the NO-17 unit. Plants should be in one gallon trade containers with a minimum of 5 stems per container. Planting should be in two staggered rows on 5 ft. centers. An estimated 10,400 plants will be required.
- g. Vegetative plantings of approximately 26,000 linear ft. of bullwhip (*Scirpus californicus*) or other suitable vegetation in the large open water area within the NO-18 unit in a similar configuration to the plantings in unit NO-17. An estimated 10,400 plants will be required.
- h. Vegetative plantings of approximately 26,000 linear ft. of bullwhip (*Scirpus californicus*) or other suitable vegetation in the large open water area within the NO-19 unit in a similar configuration to the plantings in unit NO-17. An estimated 10,400 plants will be required.
- i. Construct a steel sheet pile weir of 40 foot width with a “self regulating tide gate” (SRT) of 4’ x 8’ size, with a crest Elevation +0.6 feet NAVD88. Site of the SRT gate/weir structure was located in an abandoned oilfield road. The structure serves as the primary drainage outlet and access for minimal tidal exchange for the marsh area of the project.
- j. Construction of a rock plug to Elevation +3.0 NAVD88 across an eroded channel in the vicinity of the SRT Gate.

IV. Summary of Past Operation and Maintenance Projects

General Maintenance: Below is a summary of completed maintenance projects and operation tasks performed since December 2003, the construction completion date of the Black Bayou Hydrologic Restoration Project.

December 2003 - Construction Adjustments:

Although construction of the original project components was completed in December 4, 2001, it was determined that leaks along the GIWW rock dike would have detrimental effects on the project. The rock dike along the GIWW was removed at four separate locations and plugs consisting of "C" stone were constructed at "water" connections between the marsh area and the GIWW existing to the north to reduce or eliminate tidal flow through these locations. The original signs installed at the Black Bayou Cut-Off Structure on timber pilings were either leaning or missing. Signage was relocated on concrete bases on top of the rock weir. Also, at the SRT gate, a railing was constructed on the sheet pile cap to reduce the chance of persons falling into the water in the area around the structure. This work was completed in December 2003 and construction was considered to have been complete after these adjustments.

July 2003 -Navigational Aid Light Repairs:

A letter was received from the US Coast Guard in July 2003 reporting problems with the navigational lights at the Black Bayou Cut-Off Canal weir. The problem was investigated and repaired in October 2003 by Wet-Tech Energy, Inc. at a total cost of \$1,250.00.

During March 2006, DNR/CED/LFE, via a Purchase Order employed WET TECH Energy, Inc. to inspect and report thereon on damages caused by Hurricane RITA to any of the Navigation Lights and support structures of the Black Bayou Project that were in place as appurtenant parts of the various structure features of the Project. The cost of the inspection/report was \$2,000.00.

The damages reported were as follows:

- (1) The Black Bayou CutOff Channel west Light needed a new battery box and the replacement of two batteries. The east Light of this site was okay and needed no repair.
- (2) The Block's Creek Structure Lights and supports needed no repair work.
- (3) The Burton Canal Structure Light experienced major damage and the entire Light Assembly, Solar Cell, and battery system needed to be replaced.

Later, during May 2006, the damages reported above were all corrected on each respective structure of the project by WET TECH Energy, Inc. by a separate Purchase Order for Hurricane RITA Repairs for a total of \$3,842.00. The sum of the costs for the Inspection/Report and thence the repair efforts was \$5,842.00. All of this sum was reimbursed by FEMA for reason of the storm damage.

July 2005 - SRT Gate Modification and Culvert Installation:

In the spring of 2005, it was determined that water was “stacking up” on the southeast corner of the project area. In order to correct the situation, it was decided to decrease the cross sectional area of the SRT Gate by attaching a flap to the railing. Also, two 30” flapgated culverts on the southern boundary of the project will relieve excess waters. A Notice to Proceed dated July 20, 2005 was issued to Duphil, Inc. of Orange, TX. Construction was accepted as complete on January 4, 2006 at a total construction cost of \$84,976.87. Engineering & design, construction oversight, and as-built drawings were provided by C. H. Fenstermaker & Associates at a total cost of \$39,856.77.

Navigational Light Maintenance:

Automatic Power, Inc. inspects, and if needed, repairs the navigational aid lights at Burton Canal, Block’s Creek, and Black Bayou Cut-Off Canal on a quarterly basis. Costs incurred include:

| | |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 2007 TOTAL | \$8,000.00 |
| 2008 TOTAL | \$6,625.00 |
| 2009 TOTAL | \$6,375.00 |
| 2010 TOTAL | \$7,340.00 |
| 2011 TOTAL | \$7,740.00 |
| 2012 TOTAL | \$3,075.00 |
| 2013 TOTAL | \$595.00 (as of Jan. 2013) |

2009 Maintenance Event:

This maintenance event consisted of general repairs to the flap on the SRT Gate, installation of new, different signs at Burton Canal, and repairs to the closures behind the rock dike as well as a repair to the GIWW dike near Vinton Canal. The work was accomplished by Reeve’s Development, Inc. at a total contract cost of \$169,997.18. Engineering, design, and construction oversight was provided by Acadian Engineers & Environmental Consultants, Inc. at a cost of \$46,292.90.

2012 landowner event:

In early 2012, the landowners in the area, under their own construction contract, repaired breaches that had occurred around two of the four plugs behind the rock dike.

Structure Operations: There are no active operations associated with this project.

V. Inspection Results

Blocks Creek

The rock weir is in excellent condition. The two arrow signs on the Black Bayou side of the structure are missing and will need to be replaced. The erosion on the SE will continue to be monitored, but has stabilized. No need for maintenance at this structure. Conditions of the Navigational Aid Lights were last inspected on 01/08/13. (Photos: Appendix B, Photo 1)

Burton Canal

The weir is in good condition. The scouring along the canal banks inside of the weir at the end of the dike has stabilized. Arrow signs installed as part of the last maintenance event are working well. No need for any maintenance at this time. The Navigational Aid Lights were last inspected on 01/08/13. (Photos: Appendix B, Photo 2)

Self Regulating Tide Gate (SRT)

The structure itself is in very good condition. The pillow blocks replaced during the last maintenance event, signage, railings, wingwalls, etc. are in excellent condition. The railing along the top of the gate is showing fairly significant rust. The seams at the sheet piles are rusting also, however there is no need for maintenance at this time. (Photos: Appendix B, Photos 3-5)

Rock Plug

The rock dike, as repaired with the concrete sacks is functioning as designed. Tie-ins are stable. No maintenance required. (Photos: Appendix B, Photo 6)

Black Bayou Cut-Off Canal

This component is in immediate post construction condition. No need for maintenance at this time. Conditions of the Navigational Aid Lights are inspected quarterly and were last inspected on 01/08/13. (Photos: Appendix B, Photo 7)

GIWW rock dike

Tie-ins on both the east and west end of the dike are stable. As mentioned in previous inspections, the warning signs at both the Vinton and Black Bayou closures have been stolen. The spoil placed behind the rock dike at the Black Bayou Canal has washed away on the western end. There is also a gap in the dike in front of this area. Rock is still at the base, but exchange is taking place. Landowner repairs to the four C-stone closures have been completed. Small gaps were left at two of these repairs to allow high tidal events to pass around the plugs without continuing to wash away the banks. There are a few low spots (approximately 400 linear feet) on the rest of the main dike, apparently caused by barges but these areas are still functioning and not in need of repair. The repair to the dike across from

the Vinton Canal with concrete sacks is working extremely well. Significant build-up of sediment is becoming apparent between the dike and the shoreline. (Photos: Appendix B, Photos 8-12)

Culvert 1/Culvert 2:

While these culverts were not directly inspected on this trip, they were assumed to be in very good, post construction condition and in no need of repair. No concerns have been expressed by the landowners.

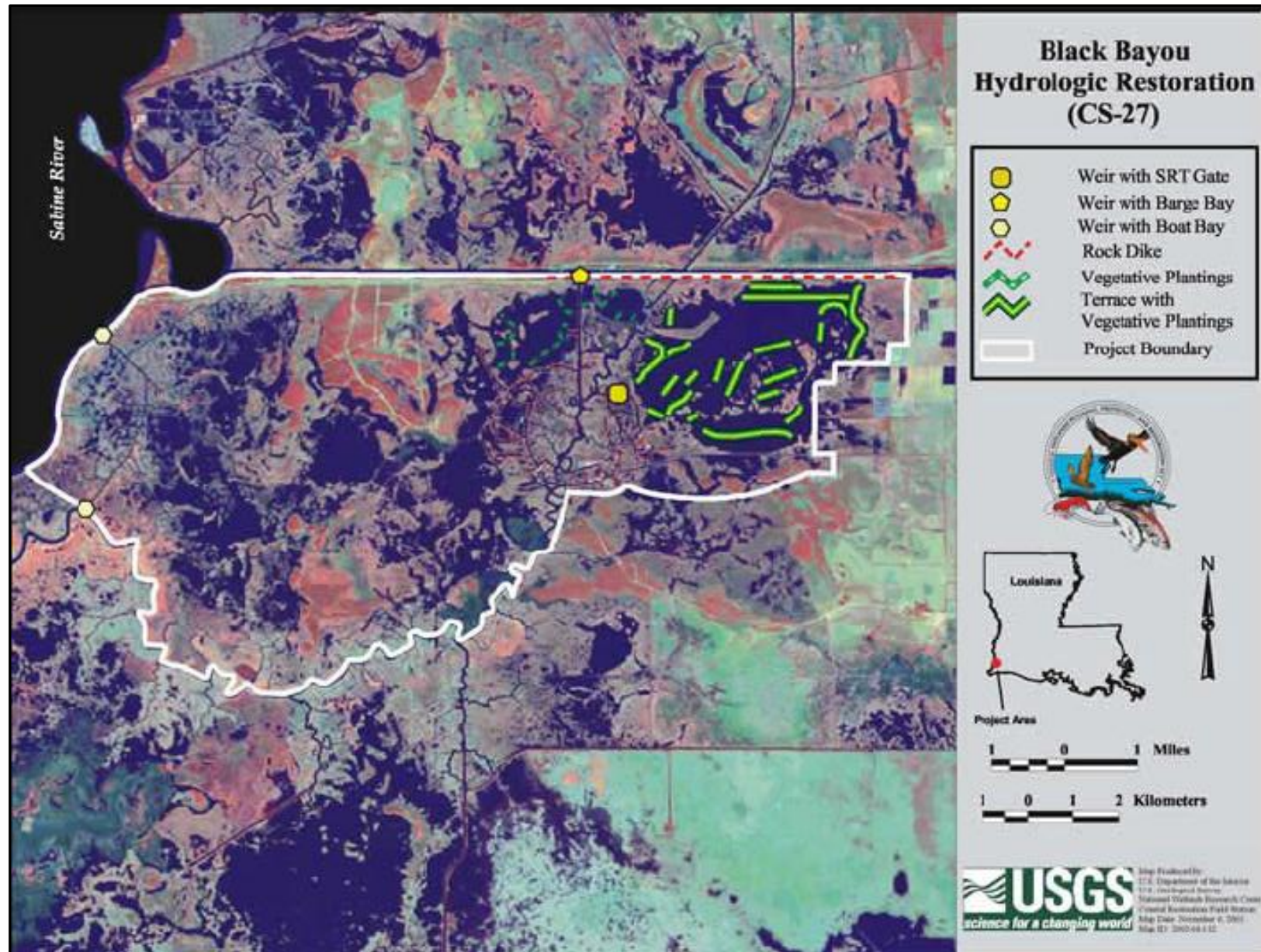
VI. Conclusions and Recommendations

The Black Bayou Hydrologic Restoration Project constructed components are still in very good, functioning condition. The only maintenance required at this time is the replacement of the arrow signs on the Block's Creek structure. It has been learned that the alligator crossing that was repaired during the last maintenance event may have been designed incorrectly. It has since been learned that alligators will cross areas such as this at the narrowest point, regardless of the elevation. The crossing repaired was wide and low and should have been higher and narrower. This will be considered during future events as such as this. Concrete sacks work extremely well in areas where small sections of rock dike need repair and should be considered in these situations. Warning signs in areas of severe current caused by installation of rock or sheet pile weirs should always be included. These signs should be installed in concrete blocks out of the way of traffic since this has proven to be very effective. Also, railings or fences around water control structures should be considered.

Appendix A

Project Features Map

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BLACK BAYOU HYDROLOGIC RESTORATION PROJECT
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Appendix B

Photographs



Photo 1—Navigational Aids and signage at Block's Creek



Photo 2—Burton Canal Structure



Photo 3—SRT Gate



Photo 4—SRT Gate railings, etc.



Photo 5—pillow block on SRT Gate flap & railing rust



Photo 6—plug near SRT Gate



Photo 7—Black Bayou Cut-off Canal structure



Photo 8—Typical section of rock dike



Photo 9—sediment building up behind dike



Photo 10—low area of dike displaced by barge



Photo 11—one of the four interior breaches as repaired



Photo 12—low area on dike as repaired

Appendix C

Three Year Budget Projection

Annual Inspection Report
 BLACK BAYOU HYDROLOGIC RESTORATION PROJECT
 State Project No. CS-27

BLACK BAYOU HYDROLOGIC RESTORATION/ CS27 / PPL 6
Three-Year Operations & Maintenance Budgets 07/01/2013 - 06/30/2016

| | | | |
|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|
| <u>Project Manager</u> | <u>O & M Manager</u> | <u>Federal Sponsor</u> | <u>Prepared By</u> |
| Pat Landry | Stan Aucoin | NMFS | Stan Aucoin |

| | 2013/2014 (-11) | 2014/2015 (-12) | 2015/2016 (-13) |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Maintenance Inspection | \$ 6,457.00 | \$ 6,651.00 | \$ 6,851.00 |
| Navigational Aid Inspection | \$ 5,000.00 | \$ 5,000.00 | \$ 5,000.00 |
| State Administration | | \$ - | \$ - |
| Federal Administration | | \$ - | \$ - |

Maintenance/Rehabilitation

13/14 Description: Install staff gauge

| | |
|-------------------------------|-------------|
| E&D | |
| Construction | \$ 7,500.00 |
| Construction Oversight | |
| Sub Total - Maint. And Rehab. | \$ 7,500.00 |

14/15 Description:

| | |
|-------------------------------|------|
| E&D | \$ - |
| Construction | \$ - |
| Construction Oversight | \$ - |
| Sub Total - Maint. And Rehab. | \$ - |

15/16 Description:

| | |
|-------------------------------|------|
| E&D | \$ - |
| Construction | \$ - |
| Construction Oversight | \$ - |
| Sub Total - Maint. And Rehab. | \$ - |

| | 2013/2014 (-11) | 2014/2015 (-12) | 2015/2016 (-13) |
|------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Total O&M Budgets | \$ 18,957.00 | \$ 11,651.00 | \$ 11,851.00 |

| | |
|-----------------------------------------------|--------------|
| O & M Budget (3 yr Total) | \$ 42,459.00 |
| Unexpended O & M Budget | \$ 46,832.00 |
| Remaining O & M Budget (Projected) | \$ 4,373.00 |

Appendix D

Field Inspection Form

Annual Inspection Report
 BLACK BAYOU HYDROLOGIC RESTORATION PROJECT
 State Project No. CS-27

MAINTENANCE INSPECTION REPORT CHECK SHEET

Project No. / Name: CS-27 Black Bayou Hydrologic Restoration

Date of Inspection: March 20, 2013 Time: 12:35pm

Structure No. ____ N/A

Inspector(s): Stan Aucoin, Darrell Pontiff (CPRA)

John Foret (NMFS)

Structure Description: GIWW Rock Dike

Water Level Inside: _____ Outside: _____

Salinity: 0.1ppt at West End, 0.7ppt at East end

Type of Inspection: Annual

Weather Conditions: sunny and mild

| Item | Condition | Physical Damage | Corrosion | Photo # | Observations and Remarks |
|-------------------------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Steel Bulkhead / Caps | N/A | | | | |
| Steel Grating | N/A | | | | |
| Stop Logs | N/A | | | | |
| Hardware | N/A | | | | |
| Timber Piles | N/A | | | | |
| Timber Wales | N/A | | | | |
| Galv. Pile Caps | N/A | | | | |
| Earthen Plugs | Fair | | | | The spoil behind the rock dike at the natural Black Bayou has washed away on the western end. This will continue to be monitored. |
| Signage / Supports | Poor | | | | Warning signs at the Vinton and Black Bayou closures are missing. |
| Rip Rap (fill) GIWW Rock Dike | Good | | | 9 8 & 10 | There is a gap in the rock dike at the natural Black Bayou in front of the gap in the earthen plug. The rock is approximately 2-3 ft below the water surface. Landowner repairs to two of the four C-stone closures are complete. There are a few spots of displaced rock along the dike but it is still functioning and does not require repair. Tie-ins on both ends of the rock dike are stable. |

What are the conditions of the existing levees?
 Are there any noticeable breaches?
 Settlement of rock plugs and rock weirs?
 Position of stoplogs at the time of the inspection?
 Are there any signs of vandalism?

Annual Inspection Report
 BLACK BAYOU HYDROLOGIC RESTORATION PROJECT
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MAINTENANCE INSPECTION REPORT CHECK SHEET

Project No. / Name: CS-27 Black Bayou Hydrologic Restoration

Date of Inspection: March 20, 2013 Time: 1:30pm

Structure No. ___ N/A

Inspector(s): Stan Aucoin, Darrell Pontiff (CPRA)
 John Foret (NMFS)

Structure Description: SRT Gate and Rock Plug

Water Level Inside: _____ Outside: _____

Type of Inspection: Annual

Salinity: 0.1ppt at West End, 0.7ppt at East end

Weather Conditions: sunny and mild

| Item | Condition | Physical Damage | Corrosion | Photo # | Observations and Remarks |
|---------------------------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Steel Bulkhead / Caps | Good | | | 3 & 4 | Rusting at sheet pile seams. Will continue to monitor. |
| Steel Grating | N/A | | | | |
| Stop Logs | N/A | | | | |
| Hardware | Good | | | | |
| Timber Piles | Good | | | 3 | |
| Timber Wales | Good | | | | |
| Galv. Pile Caps | Good | | | 3 | |
| SRT Gate | Good | | Moderate | 3-5 | Pillow blocks were replaced during last inspection. Gate is in good condition. The railing above the gate is showing signs of corrosion. No maintenance required at this time. |
| Signage / Supports Vinton Canal | Good | | | 3 | Good condition. |
| Rip Rap (fill) | Good | | | | |
| Rock Plug | Good | | | 6 | Repaired with concrete sacks. |

What are the conditions of the existing levees?
 Are there any noticeable breaches?
 Settlement of rock plugs and rock weirs?
 Position of stoplogs at the time of the inspection?
 Are there any signs of vandalism?

Annual Inspection Report
BLACK BAYOU HYDROLOGIC RESTORATION PROJECT
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MAINTENANCE INSPECTION REPORT CHECK SHEET

Project No. / Name: CS-27 Black Bayou Hydrologic Restoration
 Structure No. _____ N/A _____

Date of Inspection: March 20, 2013 Time: 1:00pm

Structure Description: Block's Creek Weir w/ Boat Bay
 Burton Canal Weir w/ Boat Bay
 Black Bayou Cut-Off Canal w/ Barge Bay

Inspector(s): Stan Aucoin, Darrell Pontiff (CPRA)
 John Foret (NMFS)

Water Level Inside: _____ Outside: _____

Salinity: 0.1ppt at West End, 0.7ppt at East end

Weather Conditions: sunny and mild

Type of Inspection: Annual

| Item | Condition | Physical Damage | Corrosion | Photo # | Observations and Remarks |
|--------------------------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------|---------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Block's Creek Weir | Good | | | 1 | Erosion on Southeast side has stabilized. No maintenance required at this time. |
| Burton Canal Weir | Good | | | 2 | Scouring along the canal banks inside of the wier has stabilized. No maintenance required at this time. |
| Black Bayou Cut-Off Canal Weir | Good | | | 7 | Good post construction condition. |
| Hardware | N/A | | | | |
| Timber Piles | N/A | | | | |
| Timber Wales | N/A | | | | |
| Galv. Pile Caps | N/A | | | | |
| Navigational Aid Lights | Good | | | | Inspected quarterly. |
| Signage /Supports | Good | | | | Intact |
| Rip Rap | Good | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

What are the conditions of the existing levees?

Are there any noticeable breaches?

Settlement of rock plugs and rock weirs?

No

Position of stoplogs at the time of the inspection?

Are there any signs of vandalism?